

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An inlet device comprising:
a housing defining a frustoconical interior region having an inlet opening and an outlet opening;
a first and a second retention member, said first retention member in fluid communication with said inlet opening and said second retention member in fluid communication with said outlet opening; and
a plurality of particles contained within said frustoconical interior region between said first retention member and said second retention member.
2. The inlet device of claim 1, wherein the inlet opening comprises a diameter less than a diameter of said outlet opening.
3. The inlet device of claim 1, wherein said frustoconical interior region comprises a cone angle of about 20 to about 80 degrees.
4. The inlet device of claim 1, wherein said frustoconical interior region comprises a cone angle of about 30 to about 40 degrees.
5. The inlet device of claim 1, wherein said particles are spherical in shape.
6. The inlet device of claim 1, wherein said particles are comprised of zirconium oxide.
7. The inlet device of claim 1, further comprising a tube mixer in fluid communication with said inlet opening.
8. The inlet of claim 7, wherein said tube mixer comprises a cylindrically shaped tube and a helical shaped divider longitudinally disposed within an interior region of said cylindrically shaped tube.

9. The inlet of claim 1, further comprising an insulator proximate to said outlet opening.

10. A fuel reforming system comprising:
an inlet device comprising a housing defining a frustoconical interior region having an inlet opening and an outlet opening, a first and a second retention member, said first retention member in fluid communication with said inlet opening and said second retention member in fluid communication with said outlet opening, a plurality of particles contained within said frustoconical interior region between said first retention member and said second retention member; and
a reaction surface, said reaction surface in fluid communication with said outlet opening.

11. The reforming system of claim 10, further comprising a tube mixer in fluid communication with said inlet device.

12. The reforming system of claim 11, wherein the tube mixer comprises a cylindrically shaped tube and a helical shaped divider longitudinally disposed within an interior region of said cylindrically shaped tube.

13. The fuel reforming system of claim 10, wherein said reaction surface comprises a catalyst material.

14. The fuel reforming system of claim 10, further comprising an insulator proximate to said outlet opening.

15. The fuel reforming system of claim 10, further comprising at least one vaporizer.

16. A method of mixing fluid in fuel reforming comprising:
flowing a fluid material into an inlet device comprised of a housing
defining a frustoconical interior region having an inlet opening and an outlet opening, a
first and a second retention member, said first retention member in fluid communication
with said inlet opening and said second retention member in fluid communication with
said outlet opening, and a plurality of particles contained within said frustoconical
interior region between said first retention member and said second retention member;
mixing said fluid material to form a reactant mixture; and
reacting the reactant mixture with a reaction surface to form a reformat.

17. The method of claim 16, further comprising vaporizing said fluid
prior to flowing the fluid material into the inlet device.

18. The method of claim 16, wherein forming the reformat comprises
a partial oxidation fuel reforming process.

19. The method of claim 16, wherein forming the reformat comprises
a steam reforming process.

20. The method of claim 16, wherein forming the reformat comprises
an autothermal reforming process.